

[CHAPTER 618]

AN ACT

To permit fifteen-round championship boxing bouts in the Territories of Alaska and Hawaii.

December 22, 1941
[H. R. 5007]
[Public Law 368]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 321 of the Act entitled "An Act to codify, revise, and amend the penal laws of the United States", approved March 4, 1909, as amended, is amended by inserting at the end thereof the following new sentence: "In the case of championship bouts, the limitation on the number of rounds shall be fifteen in lieu of ten."

Criminal Code,
amendment.
35 Stat. 1150; 45 Stat.
1156.
18 U. S. C. § 521.

Championship
bouts.

Approved, December 22, 1941.

[CHAPTER 619]

AN ACT

To establish the composition of the United States Navy, to authorize the construction of certain naval vessels, and for other purposes.

December 23, 1941
[H. R. 6223]
[Public Law 369]

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the authorized composition of the United States Navy in under-age vessels, as established by the Acts of May 17, 1938 (52 Stat. 401), June 14, 1940 (54 Stat. 394), and July 19, 1940 (54 Stat. 779), is hereby further increased by 150,000 tons of combatant ships.

Navy.
Increase in author-
ized composition.
34 U. S. C. §§ 498-
498½, 749b-749d.

SEC. 2. The President of the United States is hereby authorized to provide the total under-age composition authorized in section 1 of this Act, including replacements thereof as authorized by the Act of March 27, 1934 (48 Stat. 503), by undertaking the construction of combatant ships of such types and tonnages as he determines to be necessary for the successful prosecution of the war.

Construction of
combatant ships.

34 U. S. C. § 495.

SEC. 3. There is hereby authorized to be appropriated, out of any money in the Treasury of the United States not otherwise appropriated, such sums as may be necessary to effectuate the purposes of this Act.

Appropriation
authorized.

Approved, December 23, 1941.

[CHAPTER 620]

JOINT RESOLUTION

To authorize the commission appointed by the President to conduct an investigation in connection with the attack on Hawaii, to compel the attendance of witnesses and the production of books, papers, and documents.

December 23, 1941
[H. J. Res. 259]
[Public Law 370]

Whereas on December 18, 1941, the President by Executive order appointed Owen J. Roberts, William H. Standley, Joseph M. Reeves, Frank R. McCoy, and Joseph T. McNarney a commission to ascertain and report the facts relating to the attack made by the Japanese armed forces upon the Territory of Hawaii on December 7, 1941: Therefore be it

Commission to in-
vestigate Japanese at-
tack on Hawaii.
6 F. R. 6569.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That (a) the commission appointed by the President by Executive order, dated December 18, 1941, to ascertain and report the facts relating to the attack made by the Japanese armed forces upon the Territory of Hawaii on December 7, 1941 (in this Act called the "commission"), may, or by one or more of its members or by such agents or agencies as it may designate may, prosecute any inquiry necessary to its functions at any place within the United States or any place subject to the civil or military jurisdiction

Prosecution of in-
quiries.

Attendance of witnesses, etc.

of the United States. The commission or any member of the commission when so authorized by the commission shall have power to issue subpoenas requiring the attendance and testimony of witnesses and the production of any evidence that relates to any matter under investigation by the commission. The commission or any member of the commission or any agent or agency designated by the commission for such purpose may administer oaths and affirmations, examine witnesses, and receive evidence. Such attendance of witnesses and the production of such evidence may be required from any place within the United States or any place subject to the civil or military jurisdiction of the United States at any designated place of hearing.

Court order requiring obedience.

(b) In case of contumacy or refusal to obey a subpoena issued to any person under subsection (a), any district court of the United States or the United States courts of any Territory or possession, or the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia, within the jurisdiction of which the inquiry is carried on or within the jurisdiction of which said person guilty of contumacy or refusal to obey is found or resides or transacts business, upon application by the commission shall have jurisdiction to issue to such person an order requiring such person to appear before the commission, its member, agent, or agency, there to produce evidence if so ordered, or there to give testimony touching the matter under investigation or in question; and any failure to obey such order of the court may be punished by said court as a contempt thereof.

Service of process, etc.

(c) Process and papers of the commission, its members, agent, or agency, may be served either upon the witness in person or by registered mail or by telegraph or by leaving a copy thereof at the residence or principal office or place of business of the person required to be served. The verified return by the individual so serving the same, setting forth the manner of such service, shall be proof of the same, and the return post-office receipt or telegraph receipt therefor when registered and mailed or telegraphed as aforesaid shall be proof of service of the same. Witnesses summoned before the commission, its members, agent, or agency, shall be paid the same fees and mileage that are paid witnesses in the courts of the United States, and witnesses whose depositions are taken and the persons taking the same shall severally be entitled to the same fees as are paid for like services in the courts of the United States.

Fees and mileage of witnesses.

Privilege against self-incrimination.

(d) No person shall be excused from attending and testifying or from producing books, records, correspondence, documents, or other evidence in obedience to a subpoena, on the ground that the testimony or evidence required of him may tend to incriminate him or subject him to a penalty or forfeiture; but no individual shall be prosecuted or subjected to any penalty or forfeiture (except demotion or removal from office) for or on account of any transaction, matter, or thing concerning which he is compelled, after having claimed his privilege against self-incrimination, to testify or produce evidence, except that such individual so testifying shall not be exempt from prosecution and punishment for perjury committed in so testifying.

Venue.

(e) All process of any court to which application may be made under this Act may be served in the judicial district wherein the person required to be served resides or may be found.

Records, etc., of Government agencies.

(f) The several departments and agencies of the Government, when directed by the President, shall furnish the commission, upon its request, all records, papers, and information in their possession relating to any matter before the commission.

Approved, December 23, 1941.